

SESSION IV:

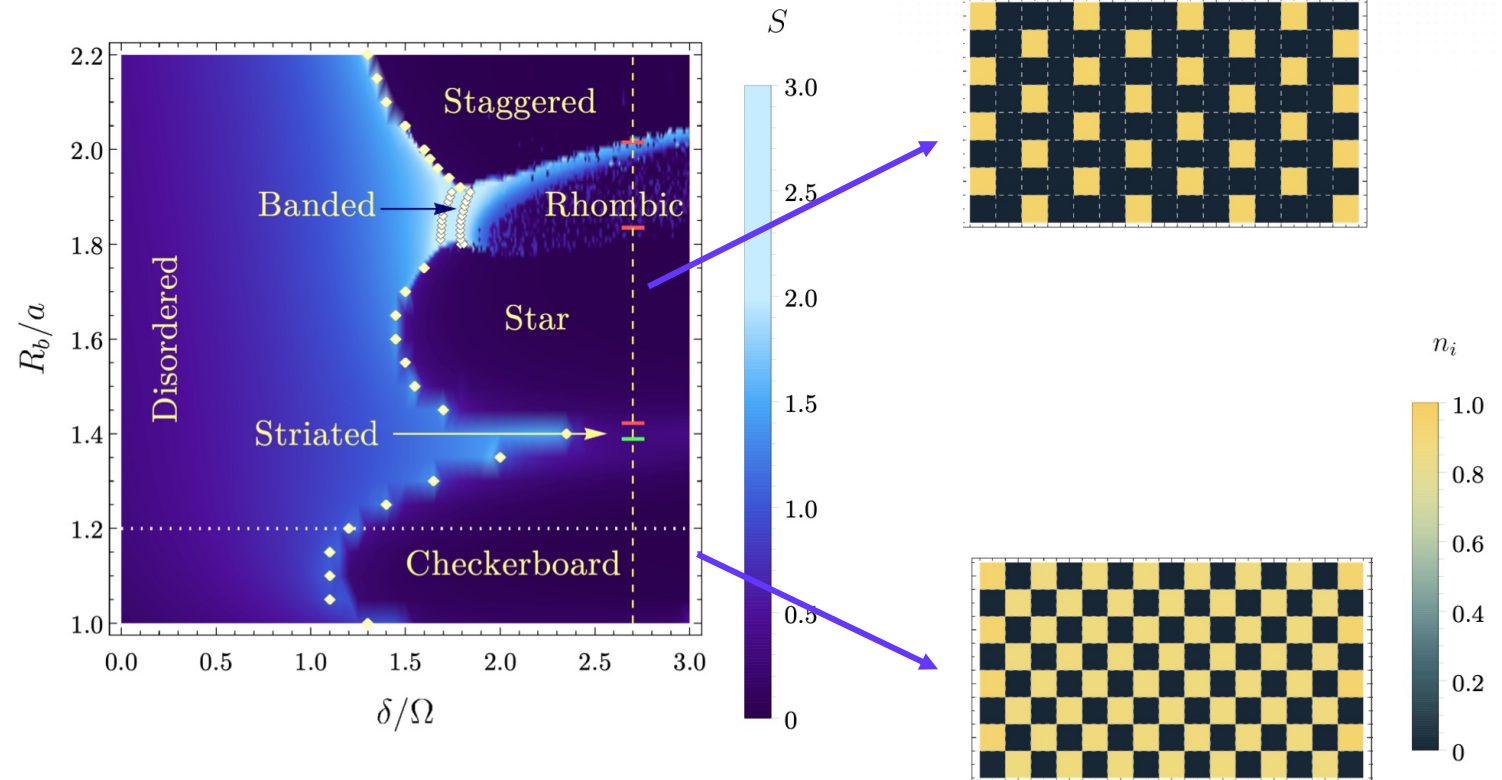
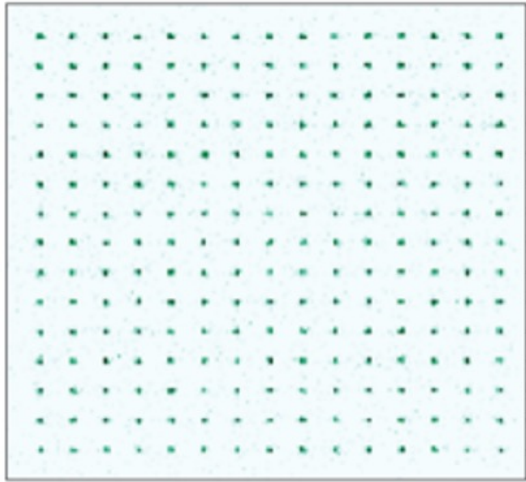
MIS OPTIMIZATION

Learning objectives

By the end of the workshop, you will be able to:

- **Encode** unit-disk graph maximum independent set problems in Rydberg atoms
- **Determine** the Rydberg blockade radius for adiabatic algorithms for optimization
- **Write down** a Bloqade code pipeline to solve maximum independent set problems on unit-disk graphs

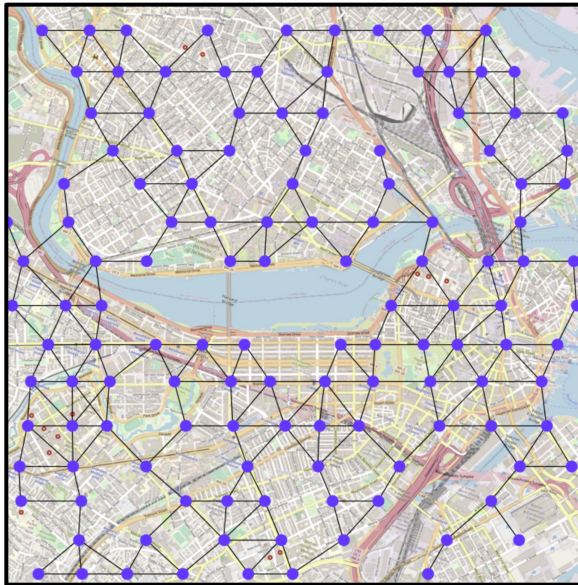
Starting point: patterns



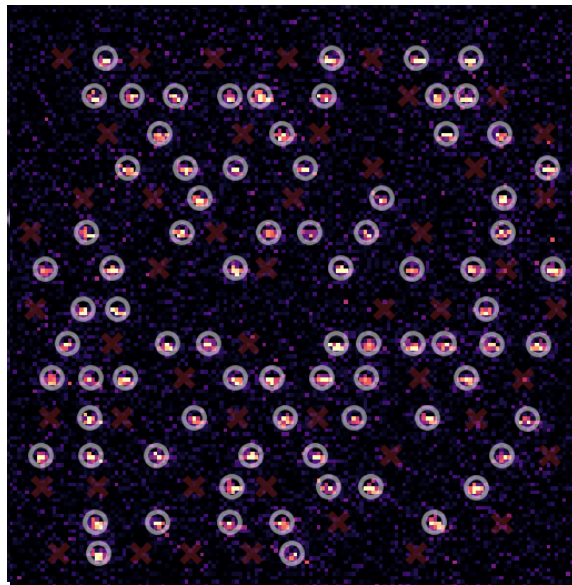
$$R_b = (C_6/\Omega)^{1/6}$$

Hardware-efficient Optimization

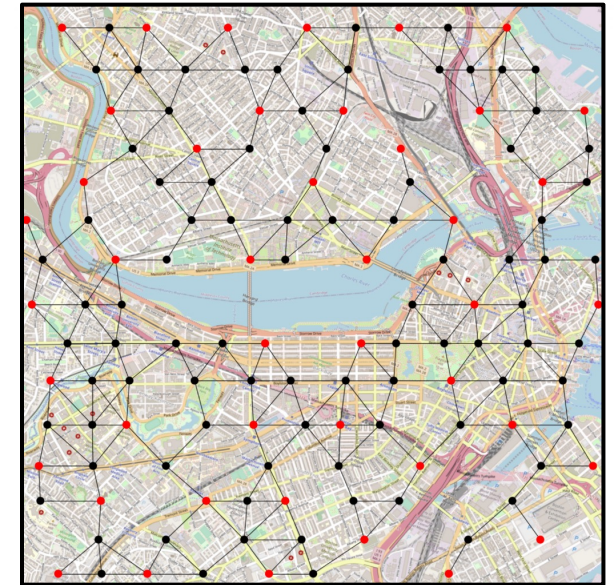
Choose possible locations



Create an atomic twin



Excite atoms to find answer!

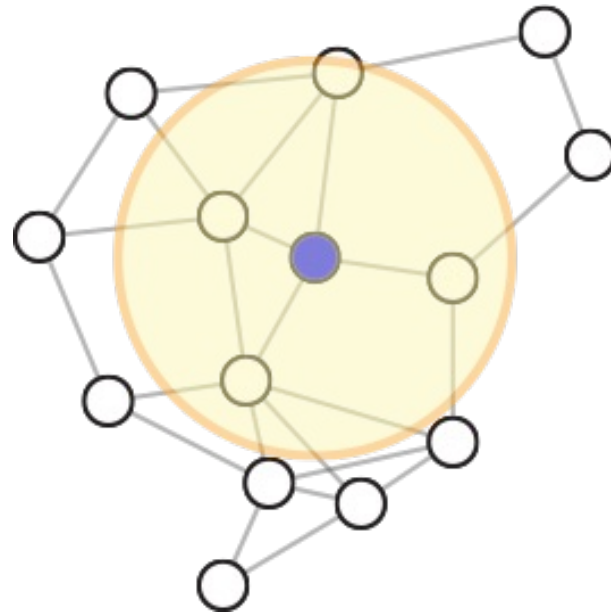


How to optimally cover Boston with coffee shops?

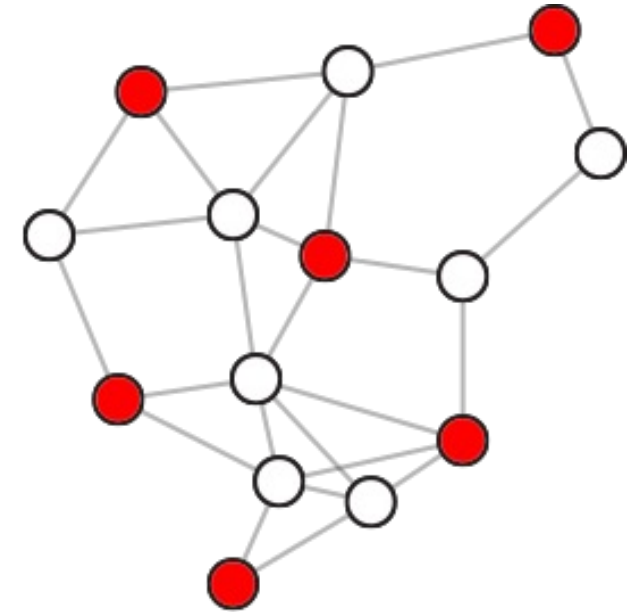
Optimization

Maximum Independent Set

(NP-Complete)

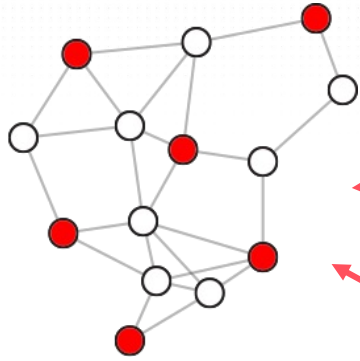
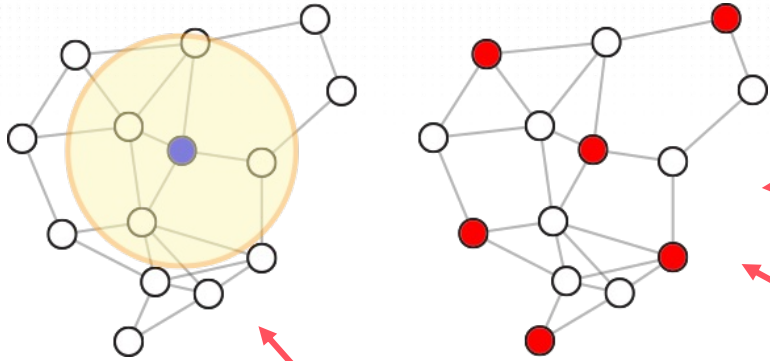


Vertex= atom
Edge = blockade
Cost function = Hamiltonian



Adapted from Ebadi et. al
Science, 376, 6598 (2022)

Adiabatic algorithms

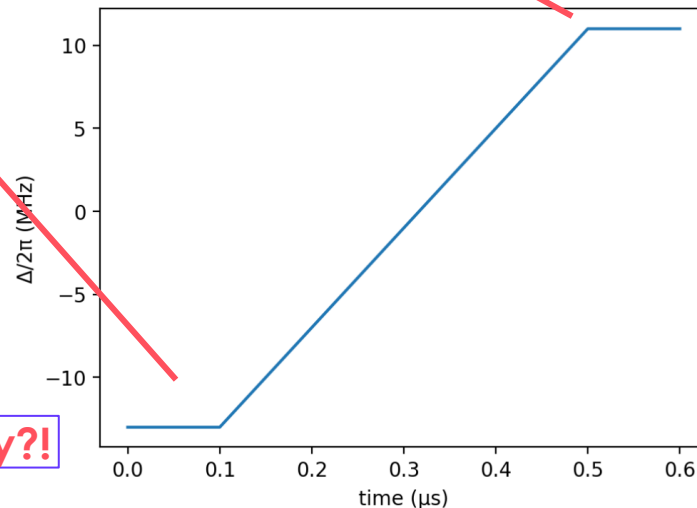


$$H = \Omega(t) \sum_i (|g_i\rangle\langle r_i| + H.c.) - \Delta(t) \sum_i n_i + \sum_{i<j} V_{ij} n_i n_j$$

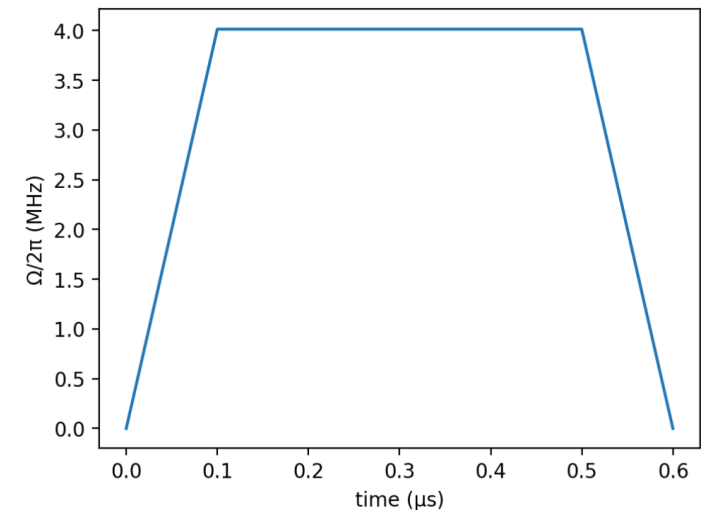
Precludes global mutual excitation

Pushes atoms to
Excited state

Pushes atoms to
ground state



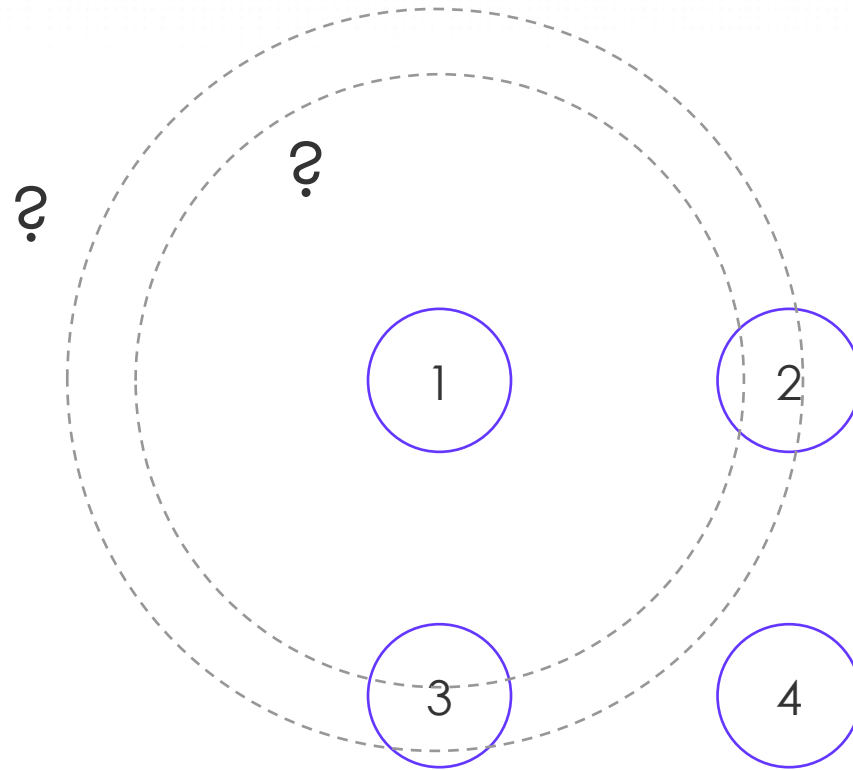
Quantum scrambling! (superposition)



How do we define connectivity?!

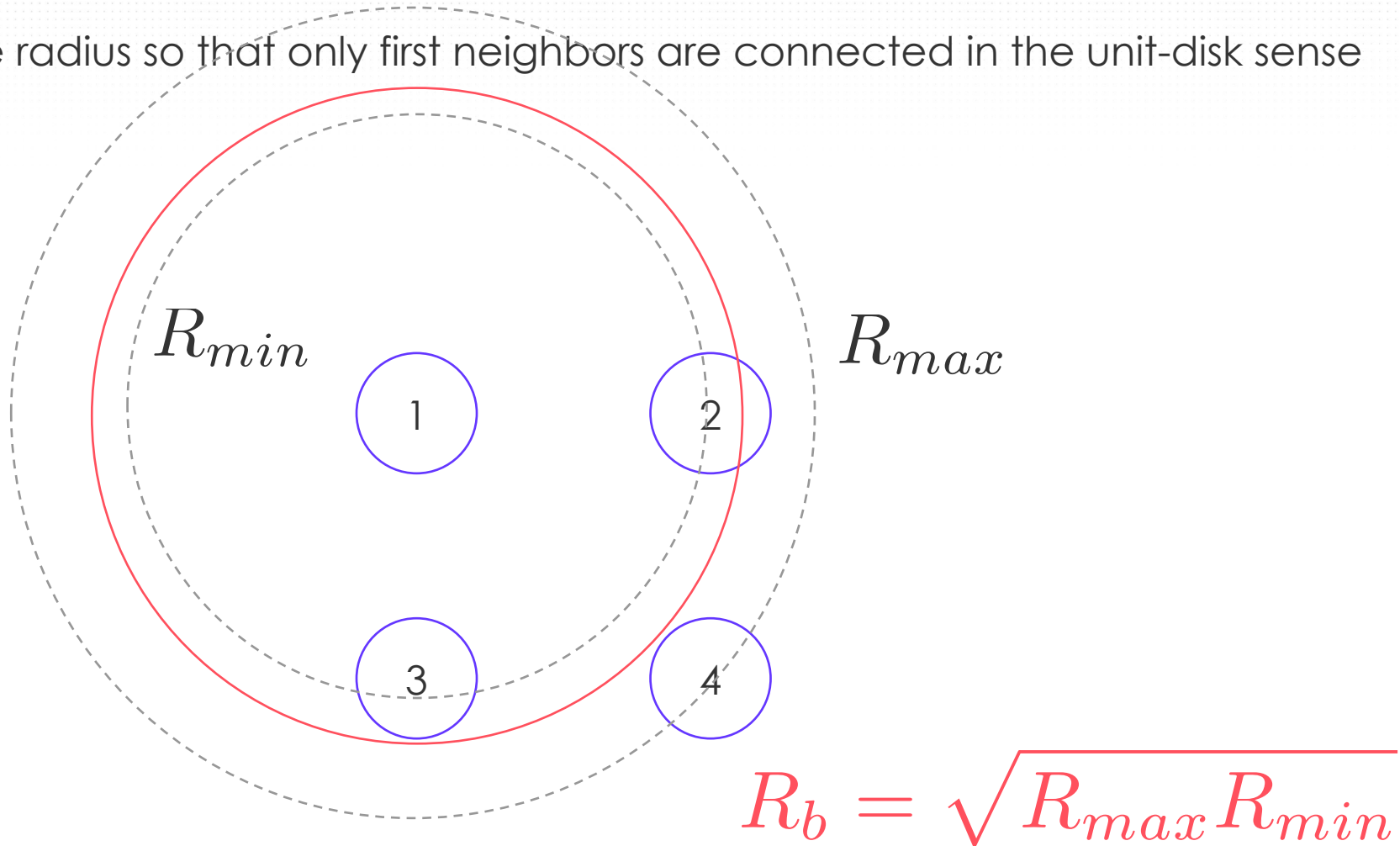
Blockade radius choice

Choose a blockade radius so that only first neighbors are connected in the unit-disk sense



Blockade radius choice

Choose a blockade radius so that only first neighbors are connected in the unit-disk sense



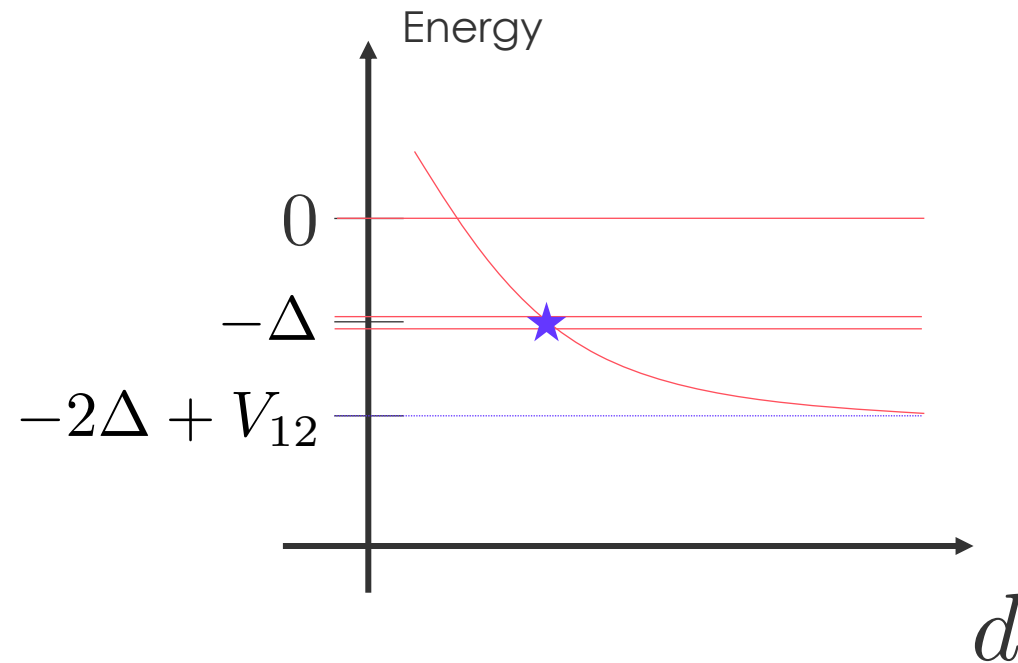
Rydberg blockade paradigm

$$V_{12} = \frac{C_6}{d^6}$$

$$H = -\Delta (n_1 + n_2) + V_{12}n_1n_2$$

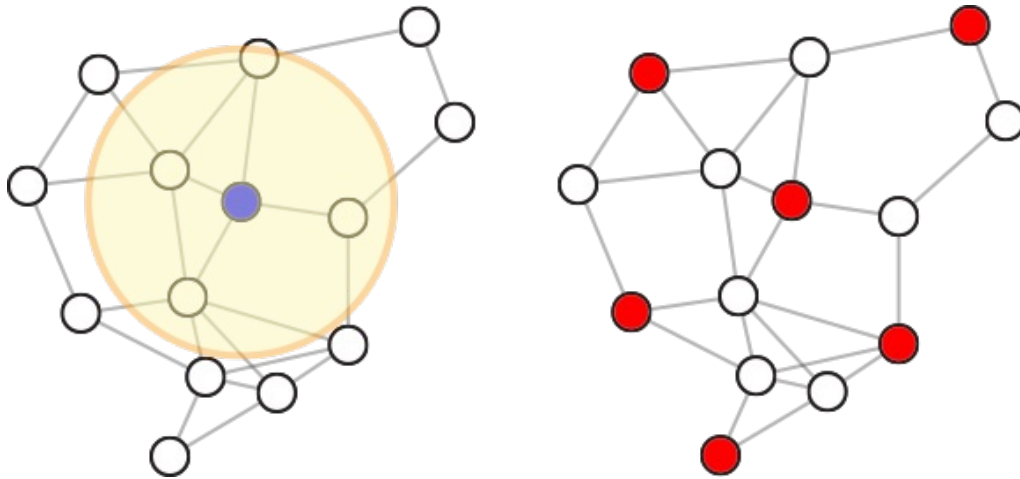
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\Delta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\Delta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2\Delta + V_{12} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_b = (C_6/\Delta)^{1/6}$$

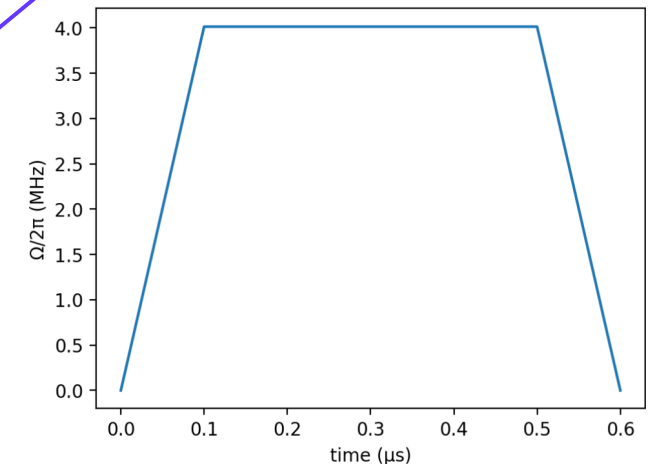
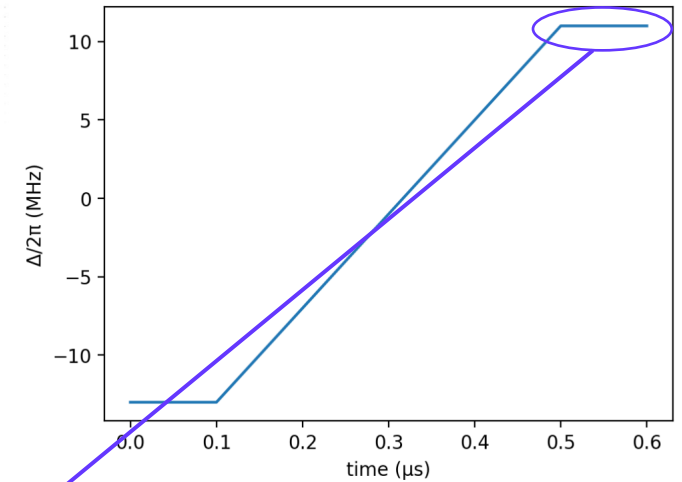


Adiabatic algorithms

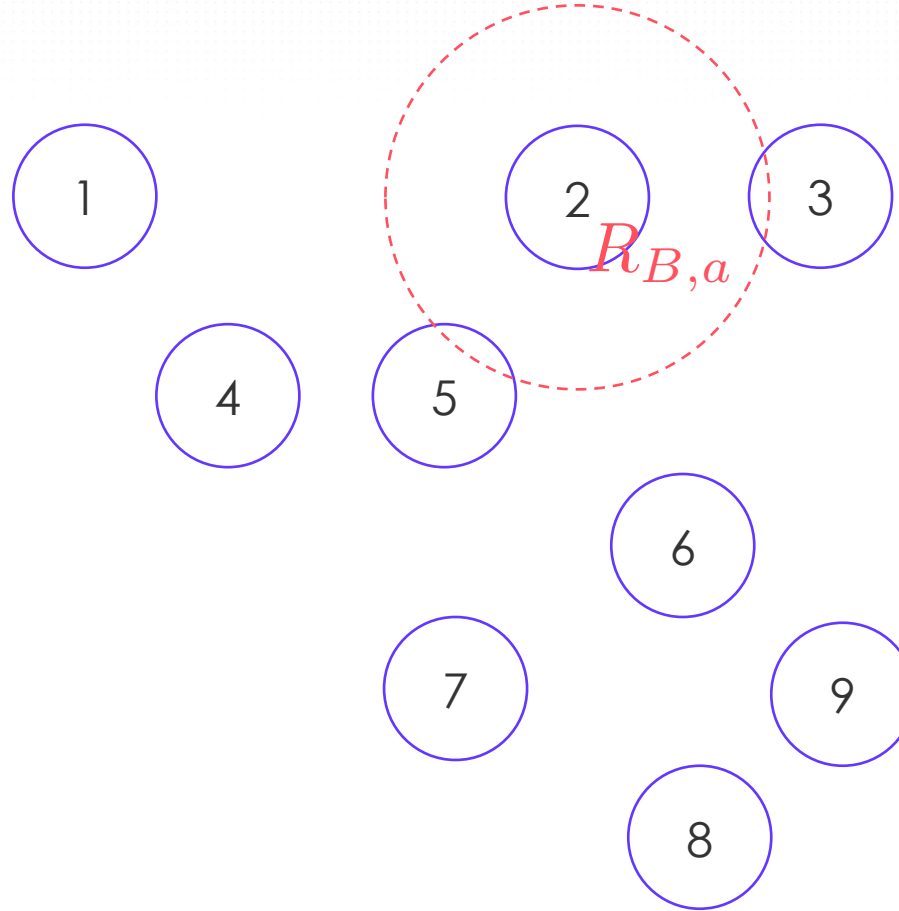
$$H = \Omega(t) \sum_i (|g_i\rangle\langle r_i| + H.c.) - \Delta(t) \sum_i n_i + \sum_{i<j} V_{ij} n_i n_j$$



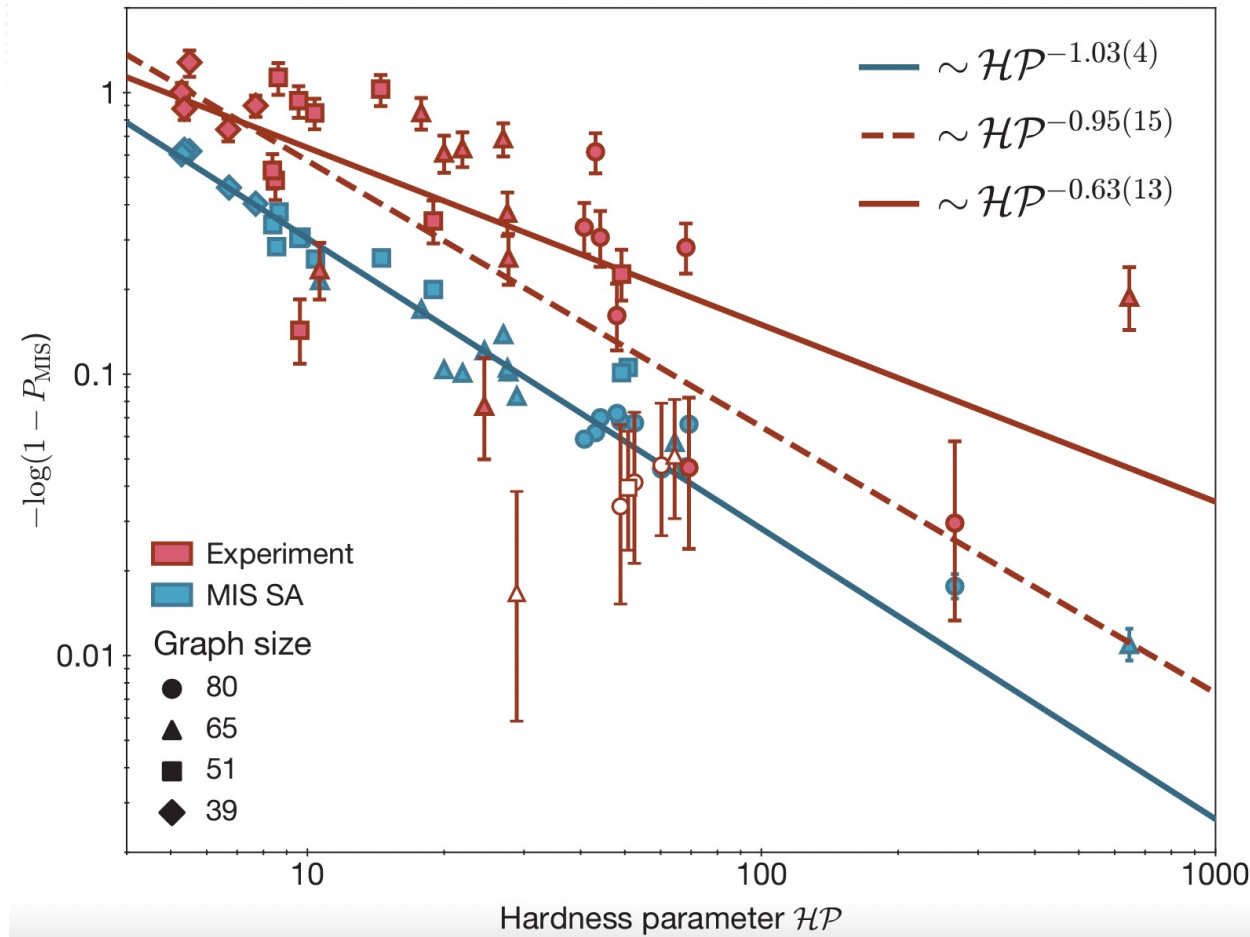
$$R_b = (C_6/\Delta)^{1/6}$$



Activity: build UDG, find MIS



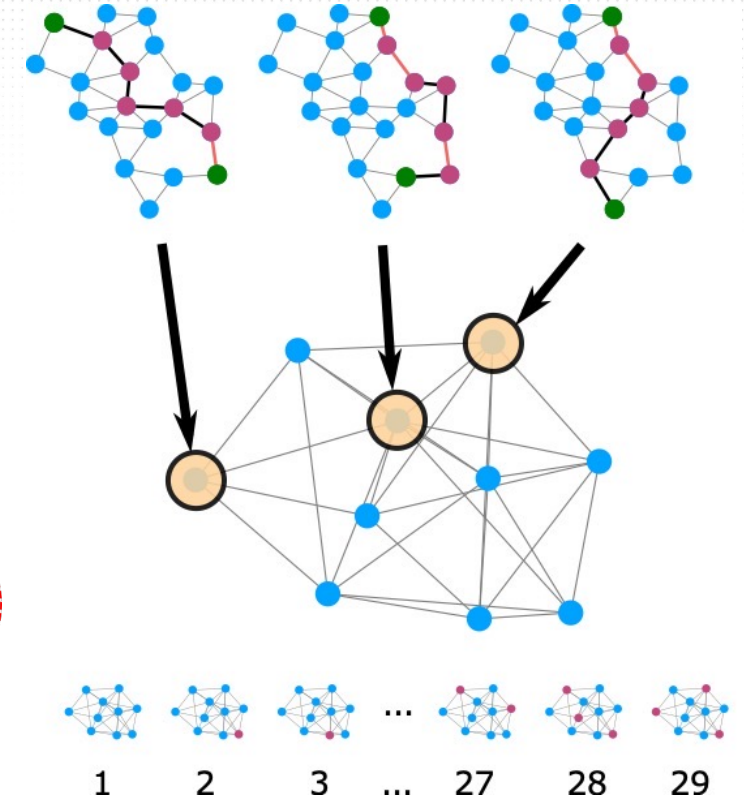
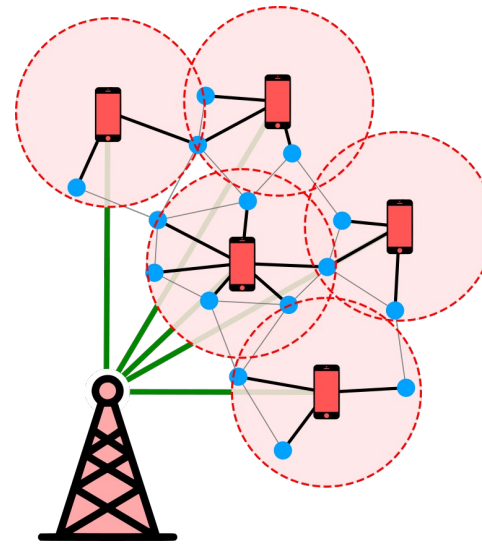
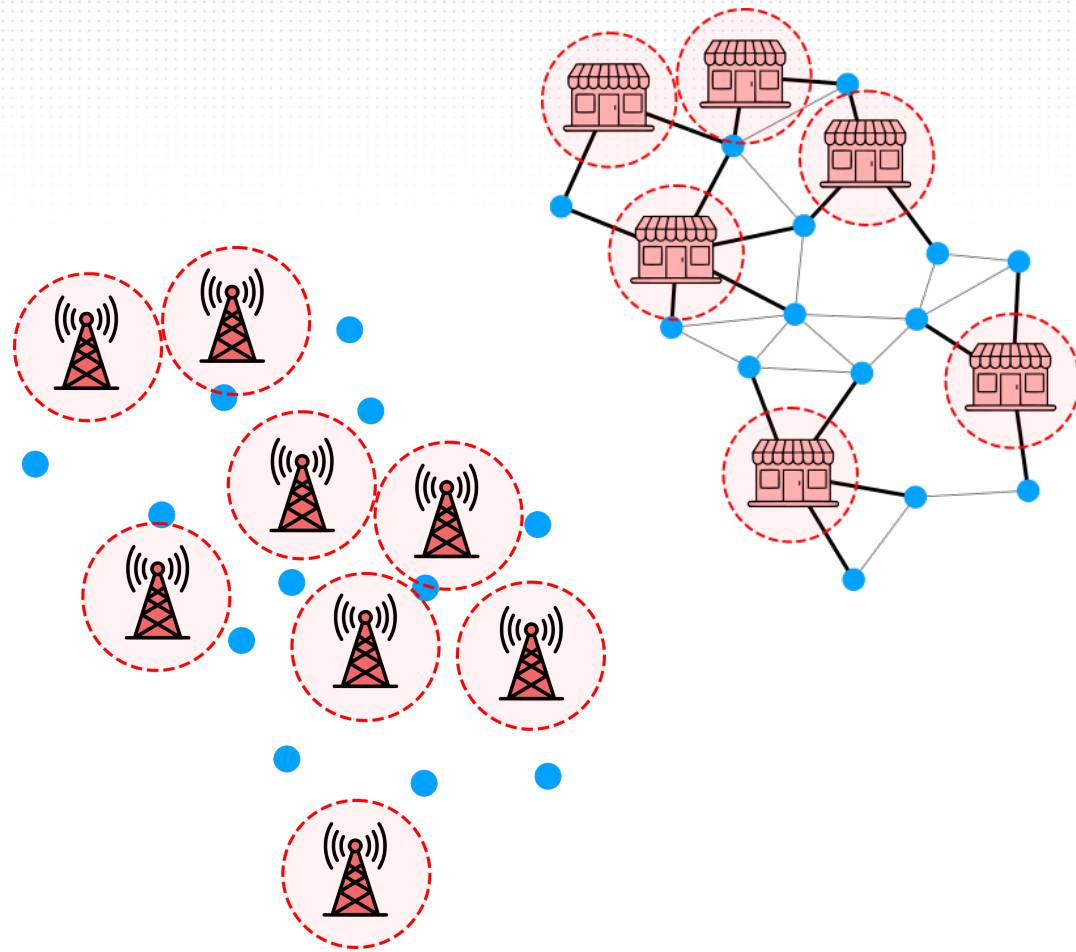
Quantum effects on hard MIS instances



QvEra
COMPUTING INC.

Adapted from Ebadi et. al
Science, 376, 6598 (2022)

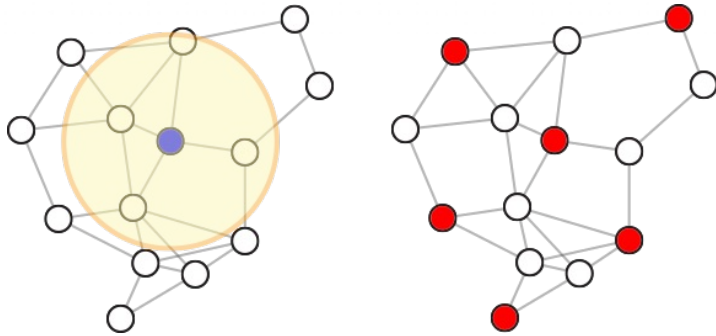
MIS applications are ubiquitous



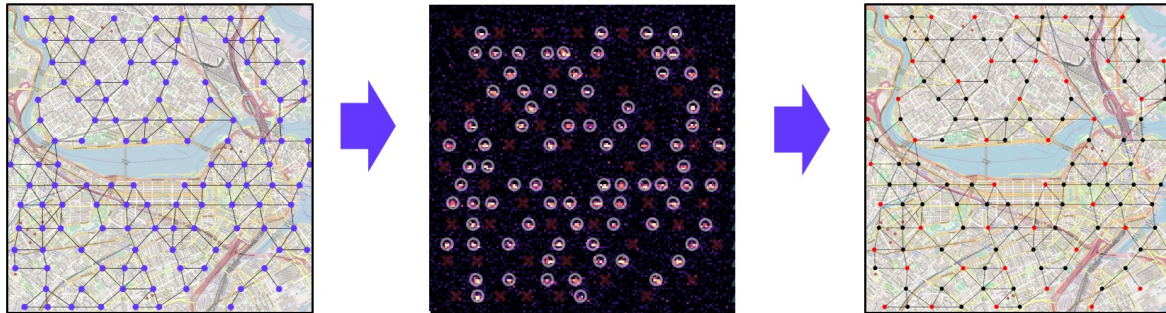
Wurtz et al., "Industry applications of neutral-atom quantum computing solving independent set problems"
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2205.08500>

Summary

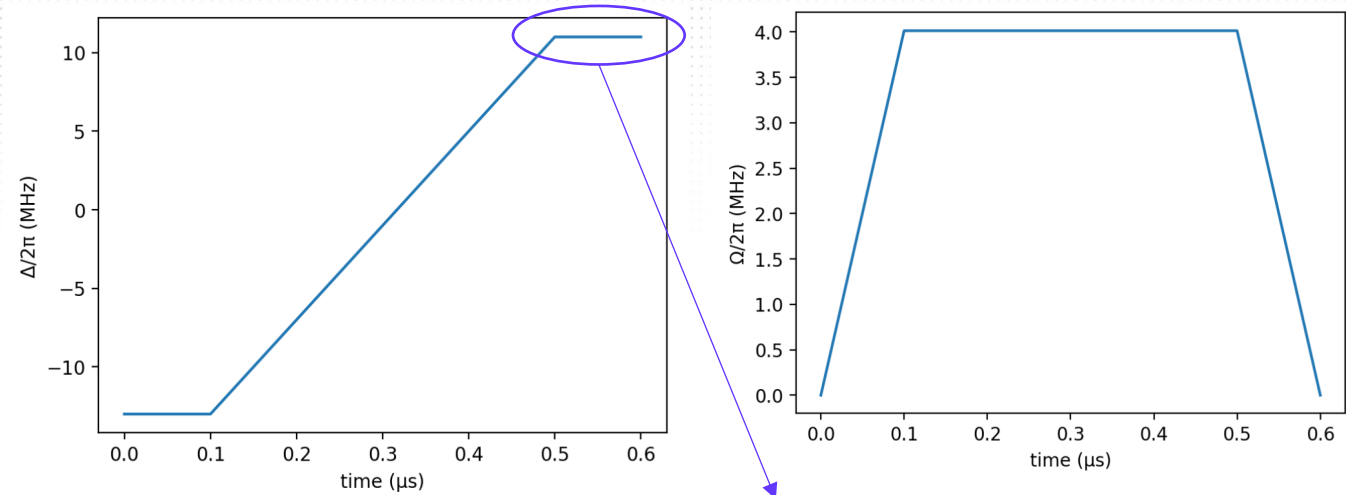
Maximum Independent Sets



Hardware-efficient encoding

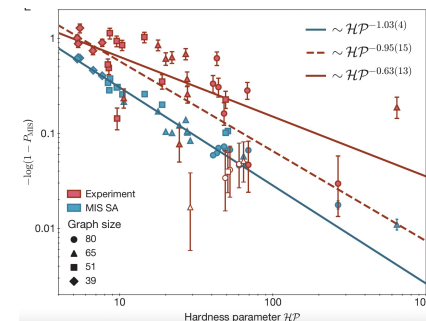


Quantum adiabatic algorithm

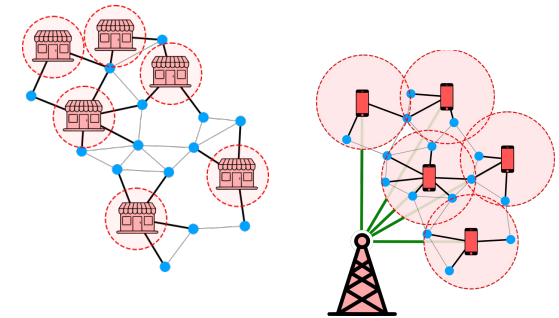


$$R_b = (C_6/\Delta)^{1/6}$$

Quantum Matters



Many applications



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MIS Mindset

Graph	Atom register
Node	Atom
Independent set	Excited atoms
Edge	Rydberg blockade
Cost function	Hamiltonian
Optimization problem	Energy minimization